Cell Counting Kit-8 Cell Proliferation Assay and Cytotoxicity Assay

General Information

Cell Counting Kit-8 (CCK-8) allows very convenient assays by utilizing Dojindo's highly water-soluble tetrazolium salt. WST-8 [2-(2-methoxy-4-nitrophenyl)-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-5-(2,4-disulfophenyl)-2*H*-tetrazolium, monosodium salt] produces a water-soluble formazan dye upon reduction in the presence of an electron mediator, as shown in Figure 1.

CCK-8 is a one-bottle solution; no premixing of components is required. CCK-8, being nonradioactive, allows sensitive colorimetric assays for the determination of the number of viable cells in cell proliferation and cytotoxicity assays. WST-8 is reduced by dehydrogenases in cells to give an orange colored product (formazan), which is soluble in the tissue culture medium (Figure 2). The amount of the formazan dye generated by dehydrogenases in cells is directly proportional to the number of living cells.

Figure 3 shows that the cell proliferation assay using CCK-8 correlates well with the [³H]-thymidine incorporation assay. Thus, the CCK-8 assay can also be substituted for the [³H]-thymidine incorporation assay. As shown in Figure 4, the detection sensitivity using CCK-8 is higher than assays using other tetrazolium salts such as MTT, XTT, MTS or WST-1.

x 1

x 1

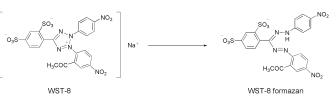
CCK-8 is stable over one year at 0-5°C with protection from

x 1

x 2

x 6





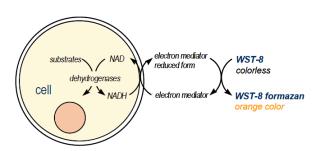


Figure 1. Structures of WST-8 and WST-8 formazan

Figure 2. Principle of the cell viability detection with Cell Counting Kit-8.

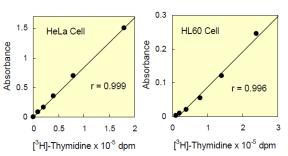


Figure 3. Correlation between CCK-8 assay and [³H]-thymidine incorporation assay.

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Medium :	HeLaMEM, 10% FBS
	HL60RPMI1640, 10% FBS
Reagent :	[³ H]-Thymidine37 KBq/well
	CCK-810 µl/well
Incubation :	[³ H]-Thymidine assay 4 hours
	CCK-83 hours

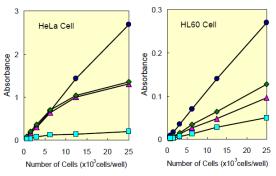


Figure 4. Cell number determination using CCK-8 and other reagents.

Medium :	HeLa MEM, 10% FBS
	HL60 RPMI1640, 10% FBS
Incubation :	HeLa 37°C, 5 % CO ₂ , 2 hours
	HL60 37°C, 5 % CO ₂ , 3 hours
Detection :	CCK-8 (450 nm, XTT (450 nm
	MTS (A) 490 nm, MTT () 570 nm

equired Equipment - plate reader (450 nm filter)

Kit Contents

Storage

Required Equipment and Materials

- 96-well plate - CO₂ incubator

100 tests :

500 tests :

1000 tests :

3000 tests :

Store at 0-5°C.

10000 tests : 100 ml

- 10 µl and 100 - 200 µl multi-channel pipettes

1 ml

5 ml

5 ml

5 ml

General Protocol

Cell Number Determination

- Inoculate cell suspension (100 μl/well) in a 96-well plate. Pre-incubate the plate in a humidified incubator (e.g., at 37°C, 5% CO₂).
- 2. Add 10 µl of the CCK-8 solution to each well of the plate.

Be careful not to introduce bubbles to the wells, since they interfere with the O.D. reading.

- 3. Incubate the plate for 1 4 hours in the incubator.
- 4. Measure the absorbance at 450 nm using a microplate reader.

To measure the absorbance later, add $10 \,\mu$ I of $1\% \,w/v$ SDS or 0.1 M HCl to each well, cover the plate and store it with protection from light at room temperature. No absorbance change should be observed for 24 hours.

	 <i>Cell Proliferation and Cytotoxicity Assay</i> 1. Dispense 100 μl of cell suspension (5000 cells/well) in a 96-well plate. Pre-incubate the plate for 24 hours in a humidified incubator (e.g., at 37°C, 5% CO₂). 2. Add 10 μl of various concentrations of substances to be tested to the plate. 3. Incubate the plate for an appropriate length of time (e.g., 6, 12, 24 or 48 hours) in the incubator. 4. Add 10 μl of CCK-8 solution to each well of the plate. Be careful not to introduce bubbles to the wells, since they interfere with the O.D. reading. 5. Incubate the plate for 1 - 4 hours in the incubator. 6. Measure the absorbance at 450 nm using a microplate reader. To measure the absorbance later, add 10 μl of 1% w/v SDS or 0.1 M HCl to each well, cover the plate and store it with protection from light at room temperature. No absorbance change should be observed for 24 hours. 	$ \begin{array}{l} & \begin{array}{l} & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \end{array} \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{l} & \\ & \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{l} & \\ & \\ & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{l} & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{l} & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{l} & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{l} & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{l} & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{l} & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{l} & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{l} & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ \end{array} \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ \\ & \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $
Precautions	 Since the CCK-8 assay is based on the dehydrogenase are affect dehydrogenase activity in viable cells may cause disconumber determined using the CCK-8 assay. WST-8 may react with reducing agents to generate WST-8 agents are used in cytotoxicity assays or cell proliferation at 3. Be careful not to introduce bubbles to the wells, since they 4. If the sterilization of the CCK-8 solution is necessary, pleas 5. The incubation time varies by the type and number of cells a long incubation time (up to 4 hours) or a large number of 6. Measure and subtract the O.D. at 600 nm or higher from the sterilization. 	crepancy between the actual viable cell number and the cell B formazan. Please check the background O.D. if reducing assays. If interfere with the O.D. reading. Se filter the solution with a 0.2 μ m membrane. Is in a well. Generally, leukocytes give weak coloration, thus f cells (~10 ⁵ cells/well) may be necessary.
Frequently Asked Questions	 How many cells should there be in a well? For adhesive cells, at least 1000 cells are necessary per well (100 µl medium). For leukocytes, at least 2500 cells are necessary per well (100 µl medium) because of low sensitivity. The recommended maximum number of cells per well for the 96-well plate is 25000. If a 24-well or 6-well plate is used for this assay, please calculate the number of cells per well accordingly, and adjust the volume of the CCK-8 solution in a well to 10% of the total volume. Does CCK-8 stain viable cells? No. Since WST-8 and its formazan dye are highly water-soluble, CCK-8 cannot be utilized for cell staining purpose. Does phenol red affect the assay? No. The absorption value of phenol red in a culture medium can be removed by subtracting the absorption value of a blank solution from the absorption value of each well. Therefore, a medium containing phenol red is usable for the CCK-8 assay. Is CCK-8 toxic to cells? Since the toxicity of CCK-8 is so low, the same cells can be used for other cell proliferation assays such as the crystal violet assay, neutral red assay or DNA fluorometric assay after the CCK-8 assay is completed. I do not have a 450 nm filter. What other filters can I use? You can use filters with the absorbance between 430 and 490 nm, even though 450 nm filter gives the best sensitivity. 	
References	 M. Ishiyama, Y. Miyazono, K. Sasamoto, Y. Ohkura and K. H. Tominaga, M. Ishiyama, F. Ohseto, K. Sasamoto, T. H 1999, 36, 47. If you need more information, please contact Dojindo tech	Hamamoto, K. Suzuki and M. Watanabe, Anal. Commun.,

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